Climate and Energy Finance Group (CEFGroup)



# **Accountancy & Finance**

Te Tari Matauraka Kaute Putea



# Green versus Brown Initial Public Offerings: How do green IPOs fare?

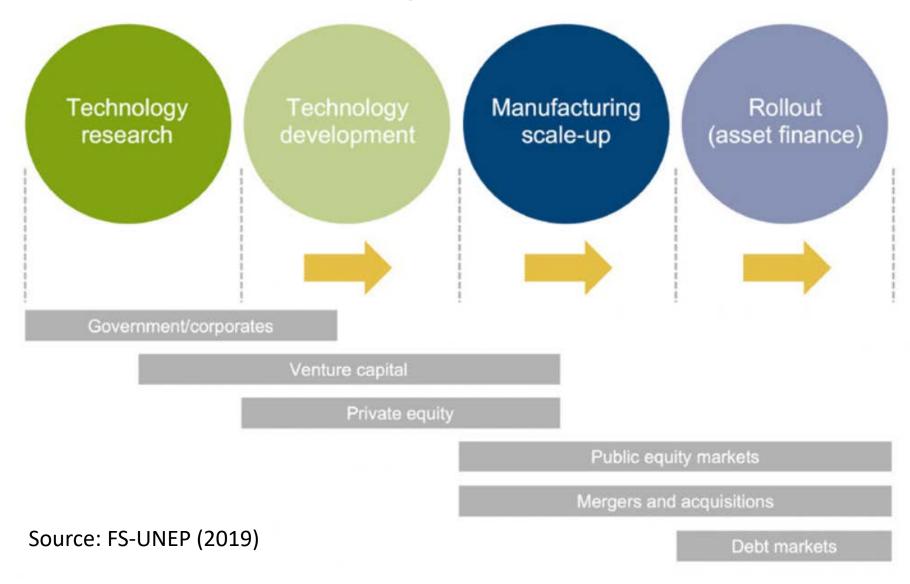
Ivan Diaz-Rainey, Director, CEFGroup IAEE Webinar, May 2020

With Freddie Cleverley (UoO) and Pia Helbing (University of Leeds)

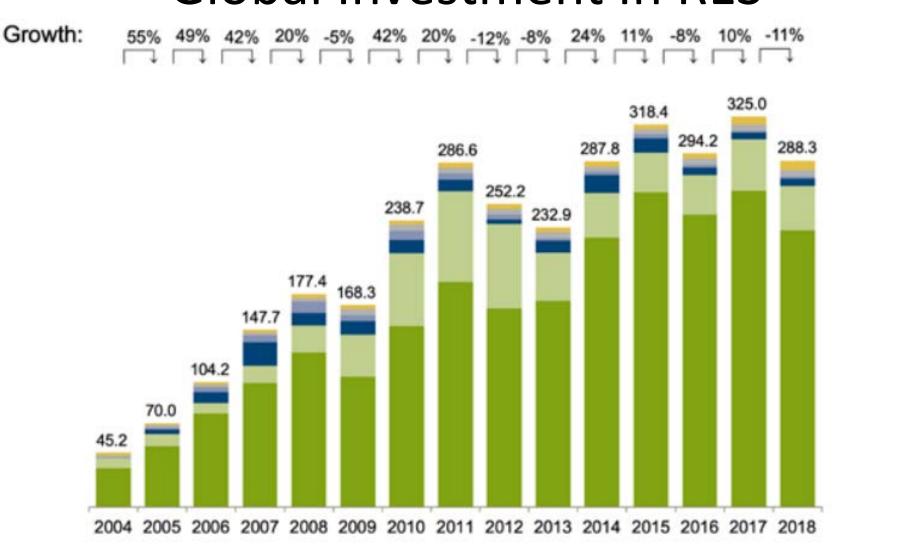
#### Introduction

- CF and clean energy finance prominent issue
- Energy transition (ET) requires huge investment
  - Financing issue (primary markets)
  - CERES 'Clean Trillion' & IPCC (2018) 2.4 trillion p.a
- Burgeoning CF literature
  - Mainly focussed on secondary markets
  - Primary market research mainly focusses on debt (green bonds)
- Debt and project finance (asset rollout) largest
- But (risk) equity (skin in the game) needed to raise debt
- So new equity (new firms) raising equity critically important
- 'green' IPO's
- But ET is going to be multi-decadal so new generation of 'brown' firms will continue to emerge (IPO)?

# Financing Continuum



### Global Investment In RES



■ Asset finance\* ■ Small distributed capacity ■ Public markets ■ VC/PE ■ Government R&D ■ Corporate R&D

Source: FS-UNEP (2019)

## Contribution

- Green vs Grown IPOs: Unique dataset of European IPO market
- 2001-2015 Europe 563bn vs US 529bn (in USD)(Helbing et al. 2019)
- Anderloni and Tanda (2017) non-RES more under-priced and perform better (n=144 between 2000 to 2014)
- Research Questions
  - Are green IPO's taking over? [Descriptive]
  - Are green IPOs more likely to be withdrawn?
    - Negative market signal
    - Kaplan-Meier survival estimates
  - Do green IPOs have more favourable ownership characteristics?
    - Retention by insiders and 'smart' money (VC vs. PE (value))
  - How do green perform relative to brown post-IPO?
    - BHARs & four factor time series models
    - Performance during COVID crisis

## Hypotheses

- Hypothesis 1a: Green IPOs are likely to have greater VC involvement,
   whilst brown IPOs are likely to have more PE involvement.
  - VC high-risk capital for new ventures (Randjelovic et al. 2003)
  - PE mature firms with operating/financial issues (Gompers et al., 2016)
- Hypothesis 1b: Green IPOs will have more retained ownership than Brown IPOs
  - Growth vs. selling out
- Hypothesis 2: Green IPOs have a greater likelihood of being withdrawn than brown IPOs
  - Leete et al. (2013) Green = more risk
  - Hong et al. (2019) Markets under pricing to climate risk
- Hypothesis 3: Green firms have a worse post-IPO performance than brown firms.
  - Green underperformance: Rezec and Scholtens (2017); Climent and Soriano (2011); Fernandez et al. (2019); Anderloni and Tanda (2017)

#### Data and Methods

- 2001-2017 3,014 IPOs (UK, France, Germany, Spain, Italy, Scandinavia) - Helbing et al (2019)
- 2,658 successfully, 356 withdrawn
- Bloomberg industry classifications energy, transport and building materials sectors (n=310)
- Coding of green (n=90), brown (n=194) or ambiguous (n=26)
  - A firm with a majority (over 50%) of their operations (as measured by revenues) focused on renewable, GHG neutral or reducing methods, technologies and associate enabling 'green' services and technologies. This includes renewable energies, carbon-neutral buildings, building materials, electrification of transport and enabling technologies such as Smart Grid and Smart Grid Edge Technologies
  - Used IPO prospectus, Capital IQ, Bloomberg, or other public sources
  - Double checked
- Of the n=284 green & brown IPO's, n=38 were withdrawals

	Green I	PO filings	Brown I	PO filings		
Variable	Mean	St. Dev	Mean	St. Dev	t-stat	p-value
Market Characteristics						
IPO Withdrawal	0.19	0.39	0.11	0.31	-1.86	0.0636*
AIM	0.29	0.46	0.57	0.50	4.50	0.0000***
Market Hotness	0.56	0.50	0.70	0.46	2.42	0.0163**
Trading Volume	0.46	0.50	0.52	0.50	0.94	0.3492
Negative News	0.09	0.29	0.09	0.29	0.11	0.9160
Firm and Offer Character	istics					
Offer Size (abs)	149.84	538.36	852.30	8943.69	0.74	0.4576
Primary Shares	0.82	0.31	0.82	0.32	-0.02	0.9874
Secondary Shares	0.18	0.31	0.18	0.32	0.02	0.9874
Greenshoe Option	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.07	-1.77	0.0781*
Debt Retirement	0.24	0.43	0.15	0.36	-1.95	0.0527*
Private Equity	0.18	0.38	0.08	0.28	-2.38	0.0181**
Venture Capital	0.12	0.33	0.05	0.21	-2.34	0.0201**
Intellectual Capital	0.34	0.48	0.45	0.50	1.74	0.0833*
Underwriter	0.22	0.27	0.20	0.24	-0.63	0.5283
Firm Size (abs)	462.34	2731.66	2720.82	19655.25	1.08	0.2792
Age (abs)	8.18	15.27	11.85	23.75	1.34	0.1815
CapEx	0.10	0.13	0.35	3.64	0.64	0.5199
Return on Assets	-0.28	0.69	-0.26	0.76	0.12	0.9013
Debt	0.75	1.44	0.53	0.65	-1.78	0.0770*
High-Tech	0.19	0.39	0.29	0.46	1.88	0.0612*
Multinationality	0.30	0.17	0.28	0.19	-0.66	0.5079
Retained Ownership	0.60	0.25	0.54	0.29	-1.60	0.1104
Lock-up (days)	238.43	161.47	265.28	166.26	1.28	0.2025
Board Size	5.64	2.80	5.85	2.91	0.56	0.5749
Board Independence	0.25	0.29	0.26	0.26	0.19	0.8527
Female Board Members	0.09	0.13	0.08	0.14	-0.31	0.7589
CEO Duality	0.22	0.42	0.12	0.32	-2.28	0.0233**
N		90	1	94		

### Models

Ownership: Probit model with Green Dummy dependent variable

- VC and PE dummies (H1a) and Retained Ownership (H1b)
- firm, offer and market controls

Withdrawal: Probit model with Withdraw dummy dependent variable

- green dummy (H2) + firm, offer and market controls
- Survival Analysis semi-parametric Cox proportional hazards model (Kartsonaki, 2016)

#### Post-IPO performance (H3)

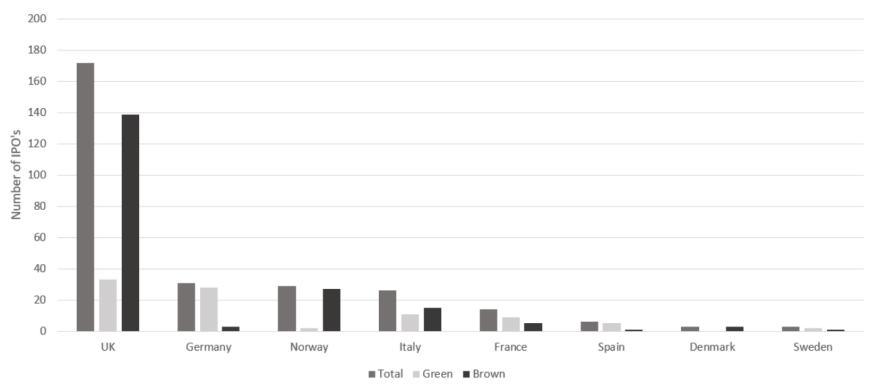
$$BHAR(t_1, t_2) = \prod_{t=t_1}^{t_2} [(1 + R_{it})] - \prod_{t=t_1}^{t_2} [(1 + R_{mt})]$$

$$r_{it} - r_{ft} = \alpha_{iT}^{4F} + b_{iT}MktRF_t + s_{iT}SMB + h_{iT}HML_t$$

$$+ p_{iT}WML_t + e_{it}$$

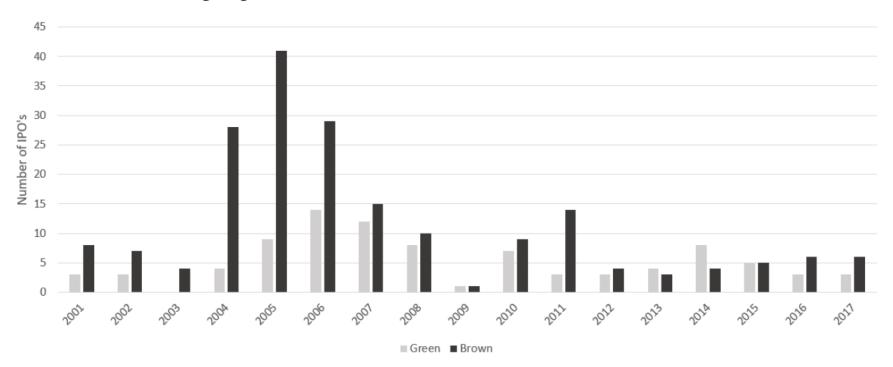
## Results - Descriptive

Figure 1: This figure shows the total absolute number of IPOs by country in the dataset from 2001 to 2017.



## **Energy IPOs - Evolution Over Time**

Figure 2: This figure shows the absolute number of green and brown IPOs for all countries across the whole sample period from 2001 to 2017.



		Model	One	Model	Two	Model Three	
	Variable	Coefficient	ME (%)	Coefficient	ME (%)	Coefficient	ME (%)
	Market Characteristics						
Ownership	Intercept	-0.832***		-0.180		-0.443	
Ownership:	IPO Withdrawal	0.219	0.0796			0.017	0.0057
Green	AIM			-0.947***	-0.3108	-0.940***	-0.3031
Green	Hotness					-0.360***	-0.1236
Dependent	Trading Volume					0.1	0.0167
•	European Oil Price					-0.2896	-0.0992
Variable	Negative News Firm and Offer Character	:-4:				-0.1	-0.0346
	Offer Size	istics				0.0	0.0094
	Primary Shares	0.143	0.0500			0.370	0.1236
VC (U1a) and	Greenshoe Option	0.145	0.0000			0.682	0.2278
VC (H1a) and	Debt Retirement					0.103	0.0352
PE (contrary	Private Equity	0.663***	0.2520	0.529**	0.1957	0.380	0.1363
i L (contrary	Venture Capital	0.774***	0.2968	0.738**	0.2797	0.756**	0.2846
H1a)	Intellectual Capital	-0.351**	-0.1207	-0.516***	-0.1699	-0.573***	-0.1844
•	Underwriter					0.3094	0.1034
involvement	Firm Size			-0.097***	-0.0329	-0.101**	-0.0336
	Firm Age					-0.0222	-0.0074
	CAPEX					-0.01958	-0.0065
	ROA					0.1016	0.0339
	Debt					0.1153 -0.2146	0.0385 -0.0694
Higher	High-tech Multinationality					0.4778	0.1596
	Retained Ownership	0.642**	0.2250	1.01***	0.3427	1.065***	0.3558
retained	Lockup Period	-0.0006	-0.0002	1101	0.012	0.0005	0.0002
	Board Size					-0.0139	-0.0046
ownership	Board Independence					0.1027	0.0343
(H1b)	Female Board Members					-0.4993	-0.1668
(штр)	CEO Duality					0.2483	0.0868
	HL Statistic	15.25	(0.0545)	1.94	(0.9828)	7.53	(0.4809)
	Pseudo R2	0.06		0.15		0.19	
	N	284	1	284	1	284	1

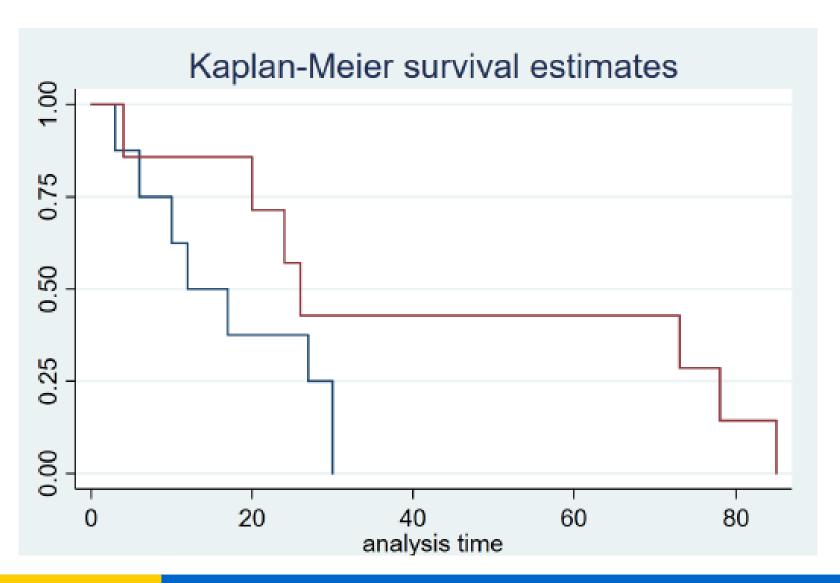
_							
		Model	One	Model Two		Model Three	
_	Variable	Coefficient	ME (%)	Coefficient	ME (%)	Coefficient	ME (%)
	$Market\ Characteristics$						
\	Intercept	0.293		-0.281		0.519	
Withdrawal	AIM					-0.007	-0.0005
Analysis	Hotness					0.052	0.0042
Analysis	Trading Volume					0.121	0.001
	Negative News			0.902**	0.1589	0.990**	0.159
	European Oil Price	-0.722***	-0.1471	-0.900***	-0.1188	-0.929***	-0.1047
green	Green Oil Price Interaction	0.661	0.1476	1.189**	0.2124	1.205**	0.1888
_	Firm and Offer Characteristic	s				<u> </u>	
(marginally)	Offer Size			0.134*	0.0134	0.108	0.0089
	Primary Shares	-0.853***	-0.1490			-0.654*	-0.0537
less likely to be	Greenshoe Option					0.152	0.0125
withdrawn	Debt Retirement	0 2104	0.4420			0.095	0.0083
withurawii	Private Equity	0.519*	0.1153			0.603	0.0746
	Venture Capital	0.571	0.1328	0 8004	0.0101	0.516	0.0622
	Intellectual Capital Underwriter	-0.568**	-0.0943	-0.509*	-0.0484	-0.478	-0.0374
Contrary to H2	Underwriter Firm Size			0.861* -0.156***	0.0862	0.773	0.0635
,				-0.156***	-0.0156	-0.155***	-0.0128
	Firm Age CAPEX					0.057 -0.004	0.0047 $0.0003$
hut pro 2011	ROA			0.506**	0.0507	0.433	0.0003
but pre-2011	Debt			0.310***	0.0307	0.274**	0.0336
Green	High-tech			0.010	0.001	-0.366	-0.026
GICCII	Multinationality					-0.481	-0.0395
interaction	Retained Ownership	-0.543	-0.0943			-0.373	-0.0306
_	Lockup Period		'	-0.004***	-0.0004	-0.003***	-0.0003
consistent with	Board Size			0.132***	0.0132	0.118***	0.0097
with U2	Board Independence			-1.781***	-0.1782	-2.024***	-0.1662
with H2	Female Board Members					0.484	0.0397
	CEO Duality					-0.539	-0.0322
	Green Firm Dummy	-0.886*	-0.1282	-0.770*	-0.0637	-1.204*	-0.0767
	Pre-2011 Green Interaction	0.941**	0.2240	<b></b>		0.486	0.0514
	HL Statistic	13.25	(0.1035)	2.09	(0.9781)	7.34	(0.5003)
	Pseudo R2	0.15	46	0.38	17	0.42	16
	N	284	4	284	4	284	4

## Withdrawal Outcomes

Outcome	Private	Inactive	M&A	Trading			
Brown IPO Withdrawals							
Average Months	150	56	17	20			
Outcome	6	4	8	3			
Percentage	28.57%	19.05%	38.10%	14.29%			
Green IPO Withdrawals							
Average Months	139	88	44	0			
Outcome	7	3	7	0			
Percentage	41.18%	17.65%	41.18%	0.00%			
Sample IPO With	drawals						
Average Months	144	70	30	20			
Outcome	13	7	15	3			
Percentage	34.21%	18.42%	39.47%	7.89%			
EU dataset	36.53%	22.46%	32.93%	8.08%			

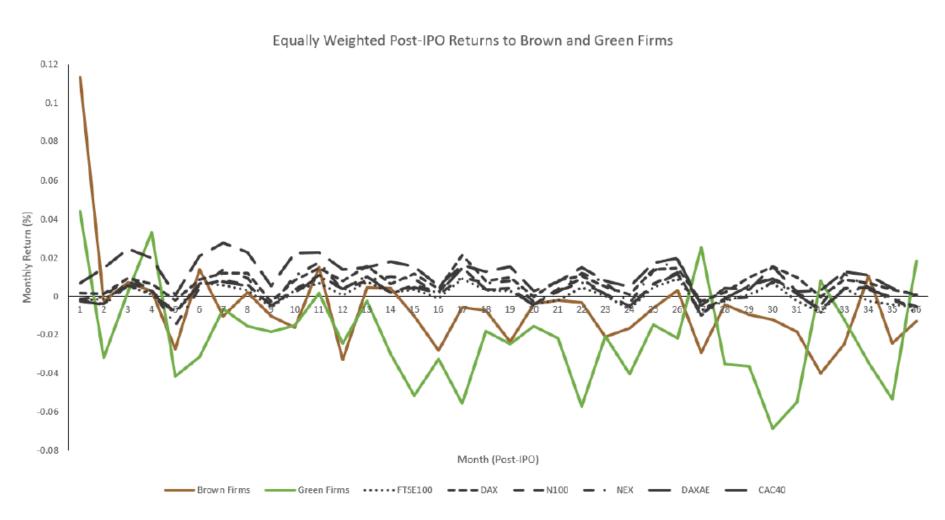
#### Kaplan-Meier survival for M&A post-IPO withdrawal

#### Brown firms being sold a lot quicker



#### Post-IPO Performance

Brown IPOs heavily discounted but green seem to underperform from about 12months in



### Post-IPO BHARs

2001 to 2017 -73 green and 173 brown IPOs

Green IPO's relative underperform (GIPORU)

Consistent with H3

Equivalent results for four factor model

Panel A: All Month	FTSE100	DAX	N100	DAXAE	NEX	CAC40	
Month	0.0012	-0.0454	0.0026	-0.1503	-0.0244	0.0107	
12	(0.06)	(-0.30)	(0.07)	(-1.06)	(-0.14)	(0.14)	
	-0.2161	-0.3058	-0.2066	-0.4346	-0.2697	-0.1938	
24	(-1.68)**	(-2.29)**	(-1.61)*	(-3.05)***	(-2.01)**	(-1.51)*	
	-0.3735	-0.5111	-0.3443	-0.6420	-0.4339	-0.3291	
36	(-3.13)***	(-4.00)***	(-2.91)***	(-4.65)***	(-3.45)***	(-2.80)**	
Panel B: Bro		(-4.00)	(-2.91)	(-4.05)	(-3.45)	(-2.60)	
Month	FTSE100	DAX	N100	DAXAE	NEX	CAC40	
Month	0.0496	0.0098	0.0559	-0.1205	0.0282	0.0629	
12	1						
	(0.40)	(0.12)	(0.45)	(-0.72)	(0.25)	(0.50)	
24	-0.1544	-0.2426	-0.1447	-0.4146	-0.2213	-0.1311	
	(-1.01)	(-1.55)*	(-0.94)	(-2.47)***	(-1.40)*	(-0.85)	
36	-0.3203	-0.4698	-0.2977	-0.6658	-0.4342	-0.2807	
	(-2.28)**	(-3.12)***	(-2.12)**	(-4.02)***	(-2.86)***	(-2.01)**	
Panel C: Gre							
Month	FTSE100	DAX	N100	DAXAE	NEX	CAC40	
12	-0.1033	-0.1659	-0.1133	-0.2121	-0.1387	-0.1026	
12	(-0.96)	(-1.52)*	(-1.05)	(-1.90)**	(-1.26)	(-0.95)	
24	-0.3352	-0.4280	-0.3260	-0.4643	-0.3590	-0.3148	
24	(-3.14)***	(-3.82)***	(-3.05)***	(-3.98)***	(-3.22)***	(-2.97)**	
36	-0.4738	-0.5850	-0.4301	-0.5847	-0.4234	-0.4188	
30	(-4.24)***	(-4.90)***	(-3.91)***	(-4.82)***	(-3.72)***	(-3.83)**	
Panel D: Gre	en versus Bro	wn IPOs					
	12-m	onths	24-m	24-months		36-months	
BHAR	-0.1	679	-0.2	2407	-0.2	2236	
Differential	(-1.	.00)	(-1.	62)*	(-1.6	69)**	

#### Is GIPORU due to Brown IPO discount?

#### Baseline (2001 - 2017)

	12-months	24-months	36-months
BHAR	-0.1679	-0.2407	-0.2236
Differential	(-1.00)	(-1.62)*	(-1.69)**

#### 2001 – 2017 results excluding first day

	12-months	24-months	36-months
BHAR	-0.0921	-0.2096	-0.1936
Differential	(-1.19)	(-2.66)***	(-2.54)***

# Is GIPORU weakening over time?

#### Baseline (2001 - 2017)

	12-months	24-months	36-months
BHAR	-0.1679	-0.2407	-0.2236
Differential	(-1.00)	(-1.62)*	(-1.69)**

#### Post Kyoto subsample (2005 - 2017)

	12-months	24-months	36-months
BHAR	-0.1343	-0.2019	-0.1485
Differential	(-0.85)	(-1.46)*	(-1.25)

#### Split sample – first half (2001 - 2008)

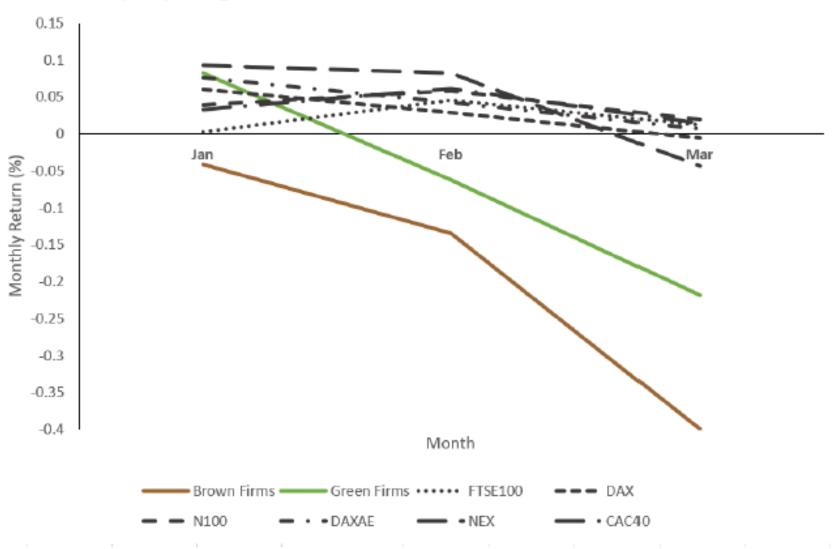
	12-months	24-months	36-months
BHAR	-0.2179	-0.3702	-0.3897
Differential	(-1.02)	(-1.94)**	(-2.35)***

#### Split sample – second half (2010 - 2007)

	12-months	24-months	36-months	
BHAR	-0.0618	0.0185	0.1252	
Differential	(-0.51)	(0.13)	(1.01)	

# COVID Shock (Jan-March 2020)

Equally Weighted Post-IPO Returns to Green and Brown Firms



# COVID Shock (Jan-March 2020)

Panel A: January – March 2020							
	FTSE100	DAX	N100	DAXAE	NEX	CAC40	
All IPO Firms	-0.4892	-0.5115	-0.5480	-0.5575	-0.5579	-0.5399	
All IPO Firms	(-1.74)	(-1.79)	(-1.92)	(-1.93)	(-1.82)	(-1.89)	
D IDO E:	-0.5627	-0.5850	-0.6216	-0.6311	-0.6314	-0.6134	
Brown IPO Firms	(-1.97)	(-2.02)	(-2.14)*	(-2.15)*	(-2.03)*	(-2.11)	
G IDO E	-0.2687	-0.2910	-0.3276	-0.3371	-0.3374	-0.3194	
Green IPO Firms	(-0.99)	(-1.06)	(-1.20)	(-1.22)	(-1.13)	(-1.17)	
Panel B: Green vers	sus Brown IP	Os					
	3-months						
BHAR	0.2940						
Differential	(0.9	1)					

#### Conclusions

#### Withdrawal

- Green firms marginally are less likely to withdraw, indicating a positive market sentiment toward these firms.
- Survival analysis Brown firms sold quicker

#### Ownerships

- More PE and VC involvement for green firms
  - Smart money going green vs more internal cash flows?
  - PE result surprising
- Higher levels of retained ownership for green IPOs.
- Overall results indicate a poor LT outlook for brown firms
- Post-IPO performance: Green firms underperform post-IPO.
  - Sig. more negative BHARs (vs. benchmark indices and brown)
     But effect (1) weakening over time, (2) brown IPOs are more
     heavily discounted and (3) have been more severely impacted
     by the COVID-19 crisis.

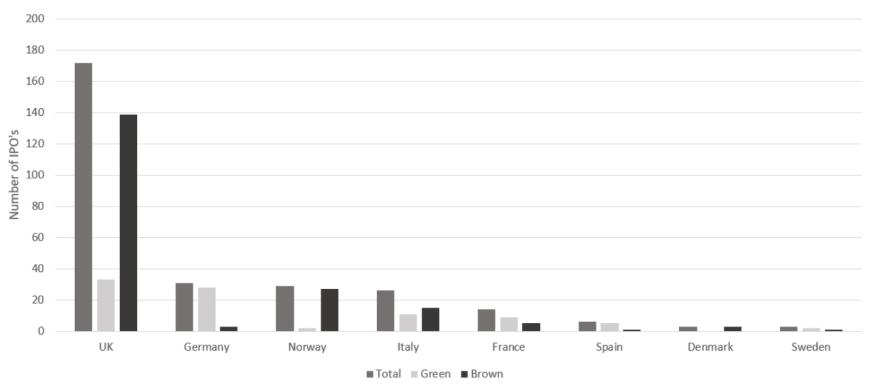


## Questions

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https://blogs.otago.ac.nz/cefg/

Figure 1: This figure shows the total absolute number of IPOs by country in the dataset from 2001 to 2017.



### Post-IPO Four-Factor Model

• 2001 to 2017 - 73 green and 173 brown IPOs

	Brown Firms				Green Firms			
$(R_{it} - R_{ft})$	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4
Intercept	-0.0258	-0.0258	-0.0218	-0.0244	-0.0262	-0.0262	-0.0255	-0.0258
	(-9.94)***	(-9.91)***	(-8.47)***	(-9.06)***	(-8.03)***	(-8.05)***	(-7.84)***	(-7.79)***
MktRF	0.1229	0.1228	0.1656	0.1172	0.1175	0.1264	0.1203	0.1248
	(11.29)***	(11.27)***	(15.38)***	(9.14)***	(10.70)***	(9.70)***	(8.98)***	(8.09)***
SMB	0.2397	0.2407	0.2809	0.2385	0.1730	0.1772	0.1591	0.1743
	(8.83)***	(8.82)***	(11.42)***	(8.74)***	(5.39)***	(5.29)***	(5.06)***	(5.18)***
HML			-0.0243	-0.0278			-0.0277	-0.0274
			(-0.83)	(-0.84)			(-0.78)	(-0.71)
WML			-0.0162	-0.0299			-0.0094	-0.0151
			(-1.15)	(-1.96)**			(-0.52)	(-0.80)
EUCRBRDT	0.2472	0.2464		0.2539		-0.0370		-0.0338
Index	(7.85)***	(7.80)***		(7.96)***		(-0.99)		(-0.90)
EUETS Index		0.0010		0.0006		-0.0067		-0.0068
		(0.34)		(0.20)		(-1.83)*		(-1.87)*
Adj. R2	0.0920	0.0920	0.0728	0.0916	0.0549	0.056	0.0531	0.0555
N (monthly)	5,016	5,016	5,813	5,016	2,361	2,361	2,475	2,361